## **Abstract**

A method and apparatus for increasing the capacity of a system that use four transmit antennas and that employs conventional channel coding by performing space-time coding in a particular way. Each of two pairs of symbol sub-streams is space-time coded to form a respective pair of transmit-sequence chains, where at least one of the formed pairs of the transmit-sequence chains is a function of symbols of the respective symbol-sub-stream pair and not a function of the symbols of the other symbol-sub-stream pair. Four transmit sequences—two transmit sequences from each of the two pairs of symbol sub-streams—may be viewed as forming a transmission matrices **B** or **B** arranged as follows:

respectively, where  $b_1$ ,  $b_2$ ,  $b_3$ , and  $b_4$  are the symbols derived from a respective one of four symbol sub-streams, and  $b_1^*$ ,  $b_2^*$ ,  $b_3^*$ , and  $b_4^*$  are, respectively, the complex conjugate of the aforementioned symbols. The rows of the matrix represent the different antennas, while the columns represent different symbol periods.